

**Learning Goal:** I can **reflect** a figure and write the algebraic rule for the **reflection**.  
**Meta de Aprendizaje:** Puedo **reflejar** una figura y escribir la regla algebraica para la **reflexión**.

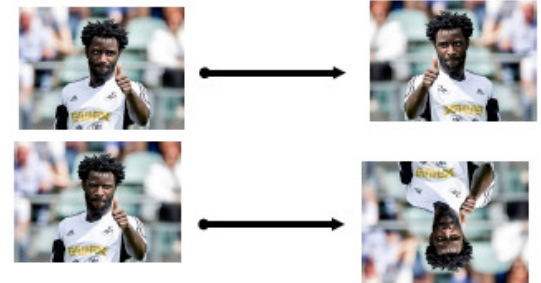
**Language Goal:** I can write the algebraic rule for a **reflection** and justify my answer to a partner.  
**Lenguaje Objetivo:** Puedo escribir la regla algebraica para una **reflexión** y justificar mi respuesta a un compañero.

# REFLECTIONS

## MOST IMPORTANT INFORMATION:

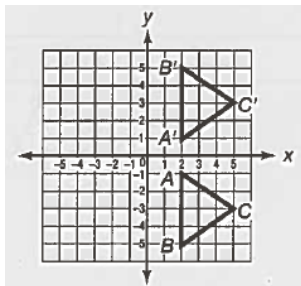
1. **Reflections** are \_\_\_\_\_ !

- The angles of the OLD and NEW shape are \_\_\_\_\_ .
- The sides of the OLD and NEW shape are \_\_\_\_\_ .



2. **Reflections** have only **TWO** rules:

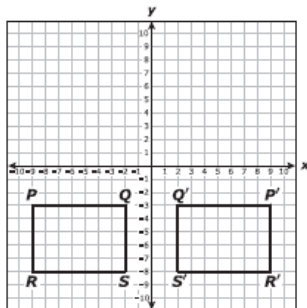
➤ **RULE 1: Reflect Across the X-Axis**



To reflect across the x-axis, change the sign of the y-coordinate

$$(x, y) \rightarrow (x, \quad )$$

➤ **RULE 2: Reflect Across the Y-Axis**

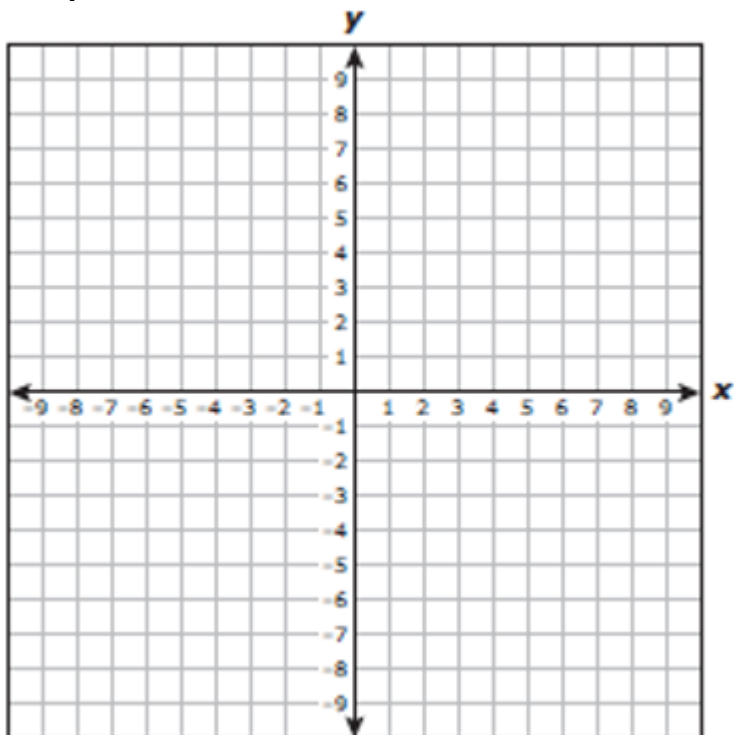


To reflect across the y-axis, change the sign of the x-coordinate

$$(x, y) \rightarrow ( \quad , y)$$

### EXAMPLE 1

Point M is located at ( 4 , 6 ) on a coordinate grid. Point M is **reflected** across the **y-axis**.



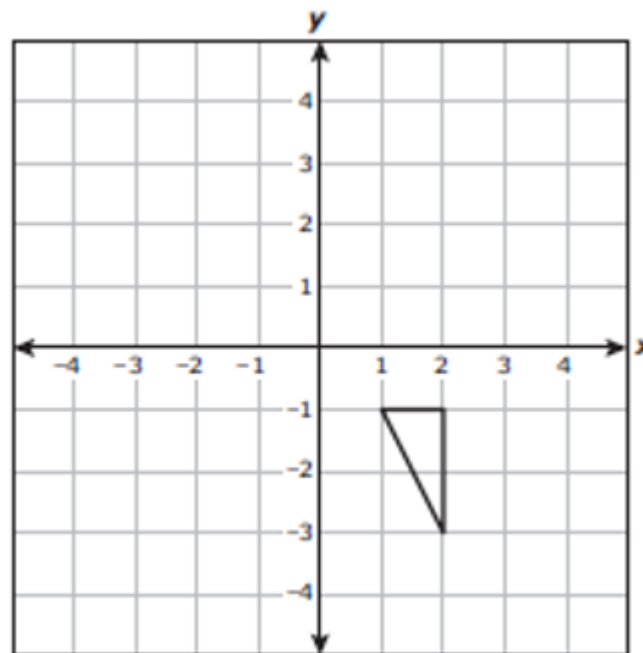
Point	( x , y ) Coordinate
M	( 4 , 6 )
M'	(   ,   )

What is the **rule** for the **reflection**?

$$(x, y) \rightarrow ( \underline{\hspace{2cm}} , \underline{\hspace{2cm}} )$$

### EXAMPLE 2

Becca drew a figure on the coordinate grid below.



She then **reflected** the figure **across the x-axis**. What ordered pair could **NOT** represent one of the new vertices?

- A. ( -1 , -1 )
- B. ( 2 , 1 )
- C. ( 1 , 1 )
- D. ( 2 , 3 )

Point	( x , y ) Coordinate
A	(   ,   )
A'	(   ,   )
B	(   ,   )
B'	(   ,   )
C	(   ,   )
C'	(   ,   )

What is the **rule** for the **reflection**?

$$(x, y) \rightarrow ( \underline{\hspace{2cm}} , \underline{\hspace{2cm}} )$$