

PRACTICE: LESSON 10.3 – REFLECTIONS W/ ALGEBRAIC RULE

Name: _____

Learning Goal: I can **reflect** a figure and write the algebraic rule for the **reflection**.

Meta de Aprendizaje: Puedo **reflejar** una figura y escribir la regla algebraica para la **reflexión**.

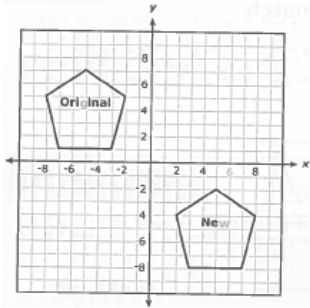
Language Goal: I can write the algebraic rule for a **reflection** and justify my answer to a partner.

Lenguaje Objetivo: Puedo escribir la regla algebraica para una **reflexión** y justificar mi respuesta a un compañero.

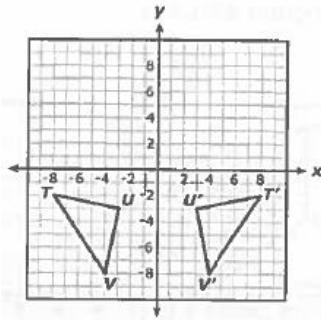
Directions: Use your notes from Lesson 10.1 and Lesson 10.3 to answer the following questions.

- Which rule is the **ONLY** rule that adds or subtracts? _____
- Which rule is the **ONLY** rule that multiplies? _____
- Are the angles and side lengths congruent for **reflections**? Circle one: **YES** **NO** **SOMETIMES**
- What is a dilation called that gets smaller? _____
- What transformation is described by the rule $(x, y) \rightarrow (-x, y)$? _____
- What transformation is described by the rule $(x, y) \rightarrow (-x, -y)$? _____
- What transformation is described by the rule $(x, y) \rightarrow (\frac{1}{4}x, \frac{1}{4}y)$? _____
- What transformation is described by the rule $(x, y) \rightarrow (x - 4, y + 2)$? _____

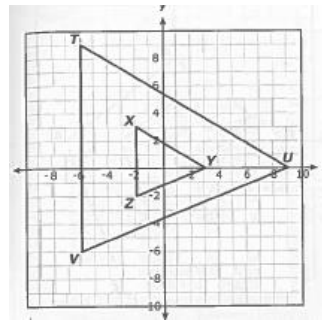
Problems 9 through 12: What transformation is represented by each graph?



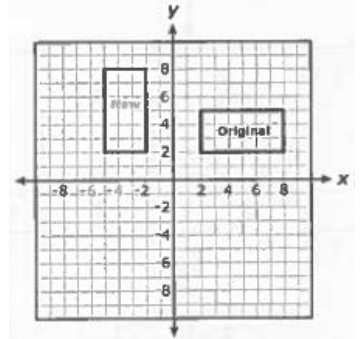
Answer: _____



Answer: _____



Answer: _____

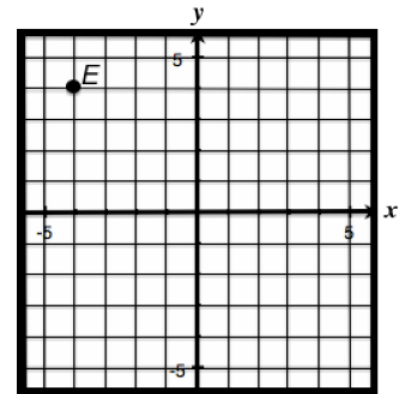


Answer: _____

Directions: **Reflect** the shape, if required. Determine the rule for the **reflection**.

- Point E has coordinates of $(-4, 4)$. **Reflect** Point E **across the y-axis**. What are the new coordinates for Point E'?

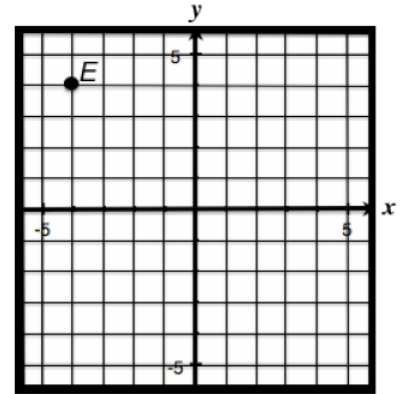
Point	(x, y) Coordinate
E	$(-4, 4)$
E'	(\quad , \quad)



What is the rule for the **reflection**? $(x, y) \rightarrow (\quad , \quad)$

2. Point E has coordinates of $(-4, 4)$. **Reflect** Point E *across the x-axis*. What are the new coordinates for Point E'?

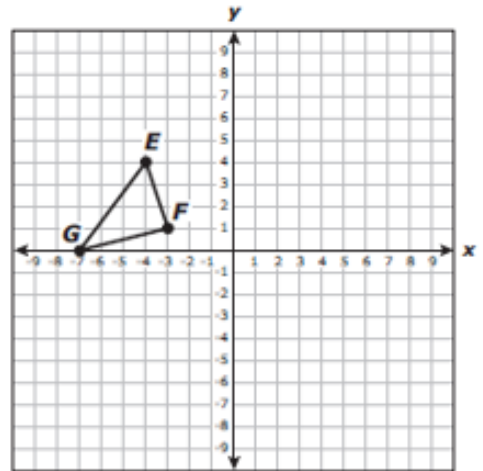
Point	(x, y) Coordinate
E	$(-4, 4)$
E'	(\quad , \quad)



What is the rule for the **reflection**? $(x, y) \rightarrow (\quad , \quad)$

3. Triangle GEF has coordinates as shown below. What are the coordinates of Triangle GEF after a **reflection across the x-axis**. Fill in the table.

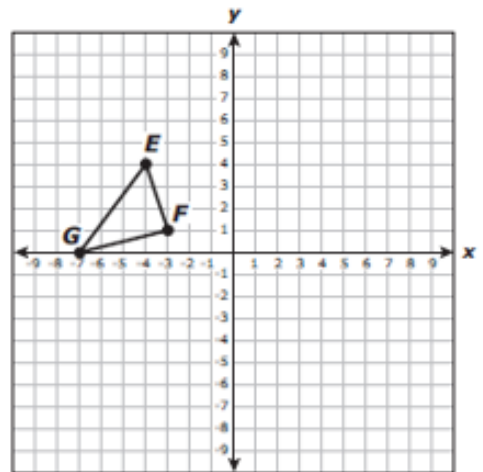
Point	(x, y) Coordinate
G	$(-7, 0)$
G'	(\quad , \quad)
E	$(-4, 4)$
E'	(\quad , \quad)
F	$(-3, 1)$
F'	(\quad , \quad)



What is the rule for the **reflection**? $(x, y) \rightarrow (\quad , \quad)$

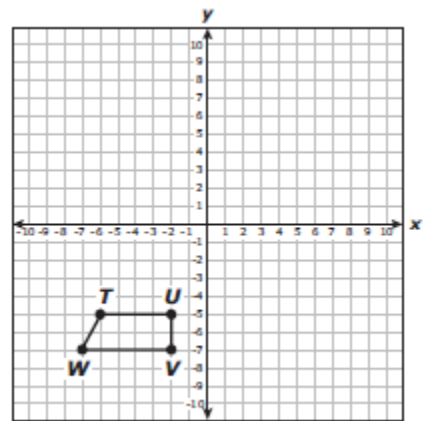
4. Triangle GEF has coordinates as shown below. What are the coordinates of Triangle GEF after a **reflection across the y-axis**. Fill in the table.

Point	(x, y) Coordinate
G	$(-7, 0)$
G'	(\quad , \quad)
E	$(-4, 4)$
E'	(\quad , \quad)
F	$(-3, 1)$
F'	(\quad , \quad)



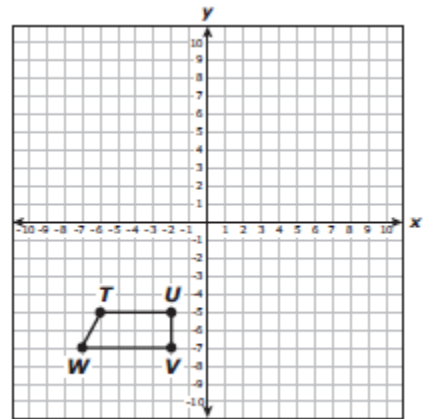
What is the rule for the **reflection**? $(x, y) \rightarrow (\quad , \quad)$

5. Trapezoid TUVW is as shown. If the vertices were **reflected across the x-axis**, what would be the rule?



$$(x, y) \rightarrow (\underline{\hspace{2cm}} , \underline{\hspace{2cm}})$$

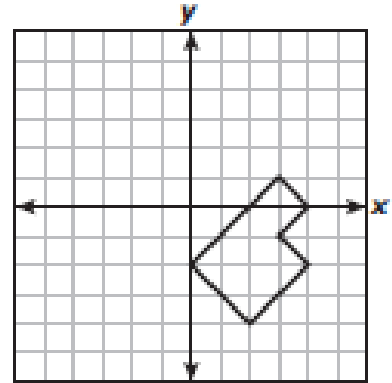
6. Trapezoid TUVW is as shown. If the vertices were **reflected across the y-axis**, what would be the rule?



$$(x, y) \rightarrow (\underline{\hspace{2cm}} , \underline{\hspace{2cm}})$$

7. **Reflect** the figure **across the y-axis**. Which of the following points could be one of the new vertices?

- A. (0, 2)
- B. (0, -2)
- C. (3, -1)
- D. (2, -4)

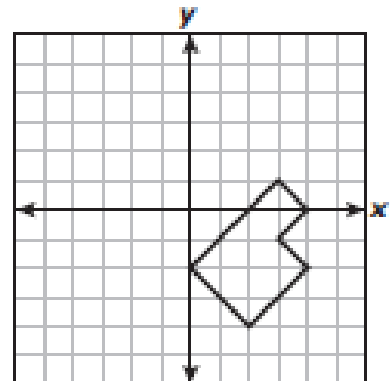


What is the rule for the **reflection**?

$$(x, y) \rightarrow (\underline{\hspace{2cm}} , \underline{\hspace{2cm}})$$

8. **Reflect** the figure **across the x-axis**. Which of the following points could be one of the new vertices?

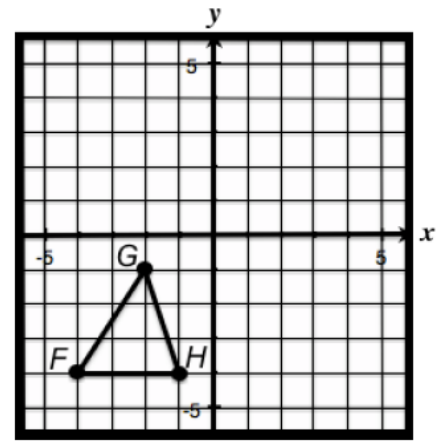
- E. (-4, 0)
- F. (-3, -1)
- G. (0, 2)
- H. (4, -2)



What is the rule for the **reflection**?

$$(x, y) \rightarrow (\underline{\hspace{2cm}} , \underline{\hspace{2cm}})$$

9. Triangle FGH was **reflected** to create Triangle F'G'H'.
As shown, Vertex F was at $(-4, -4)$.



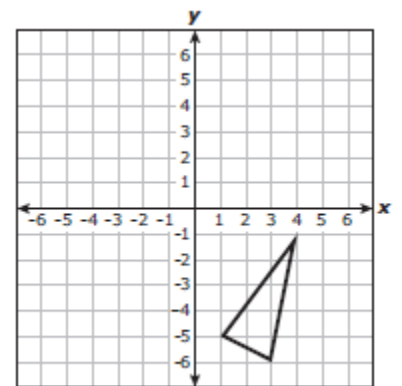
If Vertex F' is now at $(4, -4)$, which rule describes this **reflection**?

- I. $(x, y) \rightarrow (x + 8, y)$
- J. $(x, y) \rightarrow (-1x, -1y)$
- K. $(x, y) \rightarrow (x, -y)$
- L. $(x, y) \rightarrow (-x, y)$

10. **Reflect** the triangle *across the y-axis*.

What is the rule for the **reflection**?

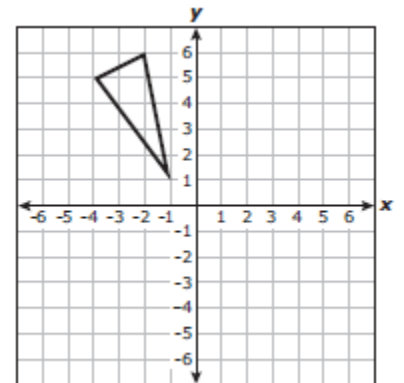
$(x, y) \rightarrow (\underline{\hspace{2cm}} , \underline{\hspace{2cm}})$



11. **Reflect** the triangle *across the x-axis*.

What is the rule for the **reflection**?

$(x, y) \rightarrow (\underline{\hspace{2cm}} , \underline{\hspace{2cm}})$



12. What are the **TWO** rules for **reflections**? $(x, y) \rightarrow (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} , \underline{\hspace{1cm}})$ and $(x, y) \rightarrow (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} , \underline{\hspace{1cm}})$

13. Which transformation has the **ONLY** rule that ADDS or SUBTRACTS? _____

14. Are the sides and angles of **reflection** congruent?

YES **NO** **SOMETIMES**

15. Which transformation has the **ONLY** rule that multiplies? _____

16. What is a **dilation** called that *gets bigger*? _____